### SUBCHAPTER F—COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

# PART 970—Community Investment Cash Advance Programs

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AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1422b(a)(1) and 1430.

Source: 63 FR 65546, Nov. 27, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

#### §970.1 Scope.

Section 10(j)(10) of the Act authorizes the Banks to offer Community Investment Cash Advance (CICA) programs. (See 12 U.S.C. 1430(j)(10)). This part establishes requirements for all CICA programs offered by a Bank, except for a Bank's Affordable Housing Program (AHP), which is governed specifically by part 960 of this chapter.

#### § 970.2 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to identify community lending projects that the Banks may support through the establishment of CICA programs under section 10(j)(10) of the Act. (12 U.S.C. 1430(j)(10)). Pursuant to this part, a Bank may offer Rural Development Advance (RDA) or Urban Development Advance (UDA) programs, or both, for community lending using the targeted beneficiaries or targeted income levels specified in §970.3 of this part, without prior Finance Board approval. A Bank also may offer other CICA programs for community lending using targeted beneficiaries and targeted income levels other than those specified in §970.3 of this part, established by the Bank with the prior approval of the Finance Board. In addition, a Bank shall offer CICA programs under section 10(i) of the Act (Community Investment Program (CIP), 12 U.S.C. 1430(i)), and section 10(j) of the Act (Affordable Housing Program (AHP), 12 U.S.C. 1430(j)).

### § 970.3 Definitions.

As used in this part:

*Act* means the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1421 *et seq.*).

Advance has the same meaning as in §935.1 of this chapter.

AHP means the Affordable Housing Program, the CICA program required to be offered pursuant to section 10(j) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1430(j)) and part 960 of this chapter.

*Bank* means a Federal Home Loan Bank established under the authority of the Act.

*Board of Directors* means the Board of Directors of the Finance Board.

Champion Community means a community which developed a strategic plan and applied for designation by either the Secretary of HUD or the Secretary of the USDA as an Empowerment Zone or Enterprise Community, but was designated a Champion Community.

CICA or Community Investment Cash Advance has the same meaning as in §935.1 of this chapter.

CICA program or Community Investment Cash Advance program means:

- (1) A Bank's AHP;
- (2) A Bank's CIP;
- (3) REA Bank's RDA program or UDA program using any combination of the targeted beneficiaries and targeted income levels specified in §970.3 of this part; and
- (4) Any other program offered by a Bank using targeted beneficiaries and targeted income levels other than those specified in § 970.3 of this part, established by the Bank with the prior approval of the Finance Board.

CIP means the Community Investment Program, a CICA program required to be offered pursuant to section 10(i) of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1430(i)).

Community lending means providing financing for economic development projects for targeted beneficiaries.

Economic development projects means:

(1) Commercial, industrial, manufacturing, social service, and public facility projects and activities; and

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(2) Public or private infrastructure projects, such as roads, utilities, and sewers.

*Family* means one or more persons living in the same dwelling unit.

Finance Board means the agency established as the Federal Housing Finance Board.

Housing projects means projects or activities that involve the purchase, construction or rehabilitation of, or predevelopment financing for:

(1) Individual owner-occupied housing units, each of which is purchased or owned by a family with an income at or below the targeted income level;

- (2) Projects involving multiple units of owner-occupied housing in which at least 51% of the units are owned or are intended to be purchased by families with incomes at or below the targeted income level:
- (3) Rental housing where at least 51% of the units in the project are occupied by, or the rents are affordable to, families with incomes at or below the targeted income level; or
- (4) Manufactured housing parks where:
- (i) At least 51% of the units in the project are occupied by, or the rents are affordable to, families with incomes at or below the targeted income level or
- (ii) The project is located in a neighborhood with a median income at or below the targeted income level.

*HUD* means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Median income for the area. (1) Owner-occupied housing projects and economic development projects. For purposes of owner-occupied housing projects and economic development projects, median income for the area means one or more of the following, as determined by the Bank:

(i) The median income for the area, as published annually by HUD;

- (ii) The applicable median family income, as determined under 26 U.S.C. 143(f) (Mortgage Revenue Bonds) and published by a State agency or instrumentality;
- (iii) The median income for the area, as published by the USDA; or
- (iv) The median income for any definable geographic area, as published by a

Federal, State, or local government entity for purposes of that entity's housing and economic development programs, and approved by the Board of Directors, at the request of a Bank, for use under the Bank's CICA programs.

(2) Rental housing projects. For purposes of rental housing projects, median income for the area means one or more of the following, as determined by the Bank:

(i) The median income for the area, as published annually by HUD; or

(ii) The median income for any definable geographic area, as published by a Federal, State, or local government entity for purposes of that entity's housing programs, and approved by the Board of Directors, at the request of a Bank, for use under the Bank's CICA programs.

Member means an institution that has been approved for membership in a Bank and has purchased capital stock in the Bank in accordance with §§ 933.20 and 933.25 of this chapter.

*MSA* means a Metropolitan Statistical Area as designated by the Office of Management and Budget.

Neighborhood means:

- (1) A census tract or block numbering area:
- (2) A unit of local government with a population of 25,000 or less;
  - (3) A rural county; or
- (4) A geographic location designated in comprehensive plans, ordinances, or other local documents as a neighborhood, village, or similar geographic designation that is within the boundary of but does not encompass the entire area of a unit of general local government.

Nonmember borrower means an entity that has been approved as a nonmember mortgagee pursuant to Subpart B of part 935 of this chapter.

Provide financing means:

- (1) Originating loans;
- (2) Purchasing a participation interest, or providing financing to participate, in a loan consortium for CICA-eligible housing or economic development projects;
- (3) Making loans to entities that, in turn, make loans for CICA-eligible housing or economic development projects;

- (4) Purchasing mortgage revenue bonds or mortgage-backed securities, where all of the loans financed by such bonds and all of the loans backing such securities, respectively, meet the eligibility requirements of the CICA program under which the member or nonmember borrower receives an advance;
- (5) Creating or maintaining a secondary market for loans, where all such loans are mortgage loans meeting the eligibility requirements of the CICA program under which the member or nonmember borrower receives an advance:
- (6) Originating CICA-eligible loans within 3 months prior to receiving the CICA advance; and
- (7) Purchasing low-income housing tax credits.
- *RDA* or *Rural Development Advance* means an advance made pursuant to an RDA program.
- RDA program or Rural Development Advance program means a program offered by a Bank for community lending in rural areas.

Rural area means:

- (1) A unit of general local government with a population of 25,000 or less:
- (2) An unincorporated area outside an MSA; or
- (3) An unincorporated area within an MSA that qualifies for housing or economic development assistance from the USDA.

Small business means a "small business concern," as that term is defined by section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)) and implemented by the Small Business Administration under 13 CFR part 121, or any successor provisions.

Targeted beneficiaries means beneficiaries determined by the geographical area in which a project is located (Geographically Defined Beneficiaries), by the individuals who benefit from a project as employees or service recipients (Individual Beneficiaries), or by the nature of the project itself (Activity Beneficiaries), as follows:

- (1) Geographically Defined Beneficiaries:
- (i) The project is located in a neighborhood with a median income at or below the targeted income level;

- (ii) The project is located in a rural Champion Community, or a rural Empowerment Zone or rural Enterprise Community, as designated by the Secretary of the USDA;
- (iii) The project is located in an urban Champion Community, or an urban Empowerment Zone or urban Enterprise Community, as designated by the Secretary of HUD;
- (iv) The project is located in an Indian area, as defined by the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4101 *et seq.*), Alaskan Native Village, or Native Hawaiian Home Land;
- (v) The project is located in an area and involves a property eligible for a Brownfield Tax Credit;
- (vi) The project is located in an area affected by a military base closing and is a "community in the vicinity of the installation" as defined by the Department of Defense at 32 CFR part 176;
- (vii) The project is located in a designated community under the Community Adjustment and Investment Program as defined under 22 U.S.C. 290m-2;
- (viii) The project is located in a Federally declared disaster area; or
- (ix) The project is located in a state declared disaster area, or qualifies for assistance under another Federal or State targeted economic development program, approved by the Finance Board.
  - (2) Individual Beneficiaries:
- (i) The annual salaries for at least 51% of the permanent full- and part-time jobs, computed on a full-time equivalent basis, created or retained by the project, other than construction jobs, are at or below the targeted income level; or
- (ii) At least 51% of the families who otherwise benefit from (other than through employment), or are provided services by, the project have incomes at or below the targeted income level.
- (3) Activity Beneficiaries: Projects that qualify as small businesses.
- (4) Other Targeted Beneficiaries. A Bank may designate, with the prior approval of the Finance Board, other targeted beneficiaries for its community lending.
- (5) Only targeted beneficiaries identified in paragraphs (1)(i) through (1)(iv),

and (2)(i) and (2)(ii) of this definition are eligible for CIP advances.

Targeted income level means:

- (1) For rural areas, incomes at or below 115 percent of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size in accordance with the methodology of the applicable area median income standard or, at the option of the Bank, for a family of four;
- (2) For urban areas, incomes at or below 100 percent of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size in accordance with the methodology of the applicable area median income standard or, at the option of the Bank, for a family of four;
- (3) For CICA advances provided under CIP:
- (i) For economic development projects, incomes at or below 80 percent of the median income for the area; or
- (ii) For housing projects, incomes at or below 115 percent of the median income for the area, both as adjusted for family size in accordance with the methodology of the applicable area median income standard or, at the option of the Bank, for a family of four; or
- (4) For CICA advances provided under any other CICA program offered by a Bank, a targeted income level established by the Bank with the prior approval of the Finance Board.

*UDA* or *Urban Development Advance* means an advance made pursuant to a UDA program.

UDA program or Urban Development Advance program means a program offered by a Bank for community lending in urban areas.

Urban area means:

- (1) A unit of general local government with a population of more than 25,000; or
- (2) An unincorporated area within an MSA that does not qualify for housing or economic development assistance from the USDA.

*USDA* means the United States Department of Agriculture.

#### §970.4 Community Lending Plan

Each Bank shall develop and adopt an annual Community Lending Plan pursuant to § 936.6 of this chapter.

## § 970.5 Community Investment Cash Advance Programs.

- (a) In general. (1) Each Bank shall offer an AHP in accordance with part 960 of this chapter.
- (2) Each Bank shall offer a CIP to provide financing for housing projects and for eligible community lending at the appropriate targeted income levels.
- (3) Each Bank may offer RDA programs or UDA programs, or both, for community lending using the targeted beneficiaries or targeted income levels specified in §970.3 of this part, without prior Finance Board approval.
- (4) Each Bank may offer CICA programs for community lending using targeted beneficiaries and targeted income levels other than those specified in § 970.3 of this part, established by the Bank with the prior approval of the Finance Board.
- (b) Mixed-use projects. (1) For projects funded under CICA programs other than CIP, involving a combination of housing projects and economic development projects, only the economic development components of the project must meet the appropriate targeted income level for the respective CICA program.
- (2) For projects funded under CIP, both the housing and economic development components of the project must meet the appropriate targeted income levels.
- (c) Refinancing. CICA advances other than AHP may be used to refinance economic development projects and housing projects, provided that any equity proceeds of the refinancing of rental housing and manufactured housing parks are used to rehabilitate the projects or to preserve affordability for current residents.
- (d) Pricing and Availability of CICA advances—(1) Advances to members. For CICA programs other than AHP and CIP, a Bank shall price advances to members as provided in §935.6 of this chapter, and may price such advances at rates below the price of advances of similar amounts, maturities and terms made pursuant to section 10(a) of the Act. (12 U.S.C. 1430(a)).
- (2) Pricing of CIP advances. The price of CICA advances made under CIP shall not exceed the Bank's cost of issuing consolidated obligations of comparable